



RELAXATION OF THE BOLTED FLANGE JOINT



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Understanding Relaxation Behavior In Temperature Cycling Environments

- This study researches and monitors bolt stress readings for different gasket styles in multiple temperature cycling environments over a long time period.
- The information generated from this study and further developments will provide a better understanding of when a flanged joint may be at risk and the relaxation factor for a given gasket style in service. This can then be implemented into the bolt up procedure and torque value of the flange joint to ensure a leak free start up and long-term service performance.





Understanding Relaxation Behavior In Temperature Cycling Environments

This presentation follows on from a previous study I conducted – *PVP2020-21002 Relaxation Of The Bolted Flange Connection*. The study monitored bolt stress / relaxation values in temperature cycling environments for different gasket styles, the readings were only taken at ambient temperature after each temperature cycle due to intelligent bolt limitations.

With developments in intelligent bolting technology it was decided to conduct further work on this project to understand bolt stress values throughout the temperature cycling test.



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Understanding Relaxation Behavior In Temperature Cycling Environments



Standard ASME B16.20 NPS 4" Pressure Class 300# 80 Pipe Sch Gasket Type SWG Flange Material A182 F11 Cl. 2 FLANGE DETAIL Flange OD 10.000 lin 3.826 Flange ID lin BCD lc. lin 7.880 FOD Raised Flange / Recessed Dia 6.190 0.337 Pipe Wall Thickness go (in) Hub Thk at Flange Ring a1 0.962 1.190 Flange Thk lin Hub Height lin 2.130 Pipe Outside Diameter Pipe OD in 4.500 Hub OD lin 5.750 1.065 Distance - BCD to Hub lin IR. **BOLTING DETAIL** Bolt Material A193 B7 Bolt Diameter φb 3/4 lin No of Bolts nb Bolt Area Root lin2 0.302 GASKET DETAIL Gasket ID GID lin 5.000 Gasket OD GOD lin 5.880 Gasket Area lin2 7.52 in2 Additional Gasket Area 3.00 psi 10,000 **DESIGN CONDITIONS** Temperature Deg F 500 500 Pressure bsi Corrosion Factor Ca lin -STRESS VALUES Flange (According to ASME Sf (Amb) psi 40,000 B31.3-2020) 19,400 Sf (Oper) psi Bolt (According to ASME B31.3-Sa 25,000 psi 2020) Sb psi 25,000 Sb Sel psi 64.000 Bolt Yield 105.000 lnei Flange Youngs Mod Е psi 2.94E+07 Poissons Ratio 0.3 1% 37% Flange Stress (Operating) 76% Flange Stress (Assembly) 1% Max BS (Assembly) - Calculated lpsi 124.000 Max BS - (Assembly) Min of Calc -Sbmax psi 84.000 Note: 3S Superior Sealing Services LLC produces torque calculations from given information, either from relevant standards or information from our customers. 3S Superior Sealing Service

LLC doesn't accept responsibility for misuse of this information

ASME SECTION VIII - DIV 1 APPENDIX 2 WELD NECK FLANGE **ANALYSIS - WRC538 METHOD IN ASSEMBLY Torque Chart - ASME PCC-1 Appendix O Method** SgT 20,562 Gasket Stress Sb sel 0-1 64,000 Bolt Stress 0-2 205 Torque Tb Bolt Upper Limits Sbsel 0-4 TRUE Bolt Lower Limits Sbsel 0-5 TRUE Sbsel 0-6 TRUE Flange Limits Gasket Assembly Seating Stress Sg 0-7 TRUE Gasket Operating Stress Maintained 0-8 TRUE Gasket Max Stress 0-9 TRUE SUPERIOR SEALING SERVICES 6.000 Relaxation Factor 0.70 Sg-min-O θgmax Sg-min-s 10,000 1.00 45,000 Sg-max TORQUE (ft/lbs) 84,000 Sbmax 80% 21 31,500 30% Flange Alignment Sbmin 53 K Factor 0.17 1st Pass - ft/lbs 2nd Pass - ft/lbs 105 158 3rd Pass - ft/lbs 210 Final Pass - ft/lbs Max Operating Pressure (psi) Flange 1358 210 Tb (O-2) - ft/lbs Bolt 1287 ASSEMBLY **OPERATING / HYDROTEST BOLT STRESS** 64,000 psi ٠ BOLT STRESS 50,191 psi 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% 0% **GASKET STRESS** 20,562 psi **GASKET STRESS** 16.126 psi 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% FLANGE STRESS 76% **FLANGE STRESS** 37% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120% 20%

0





Test Equipment

Temperature Control Unit / Flange Assembly / Insulation



4" 300lb RF WN Flanges to ASME B16.5



Flange Setup / Intelligent Bolting





Test Temperature Details

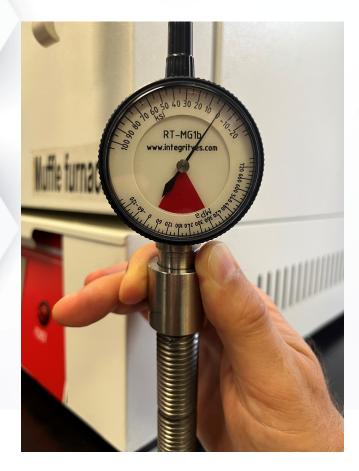
- Temperature Control Unit: RS 340-083
- Thermocouple: Type K
- Thermocouple Data Collection: MC USB-TC / SN 202C8A7
- Channel Count: 1
- Scan Rate: 0.016667 (1 reading per minute)
- Temperature Control Set Value: 500 Deg F
- Heating Rate: 212 Deg F / Hour





Test Equipment

Intelligent Bolt & Gauge



Ceramic Dial Gauge







Test Equipment



Using the intelligent bolting with the ceramic dial gauge enables bolt stress reading to be taken at any point within the test procedure.

Bolt grade used for the first stage of this project was ASTM A193 B7. Nut grade used ASTM A194 Gr. 2H Hardened Washers.

High temperature bolt lubricant with a K factor of 0.17

All tests had a target assembly bolt stress of 58,000 psi





Test Gaskets

All gaskets are sized to suit ASME B16.5 – 4" 300lb RF Flanges Core / Winding material – 316L SS Filler / Facing Material – Flexible Graphite



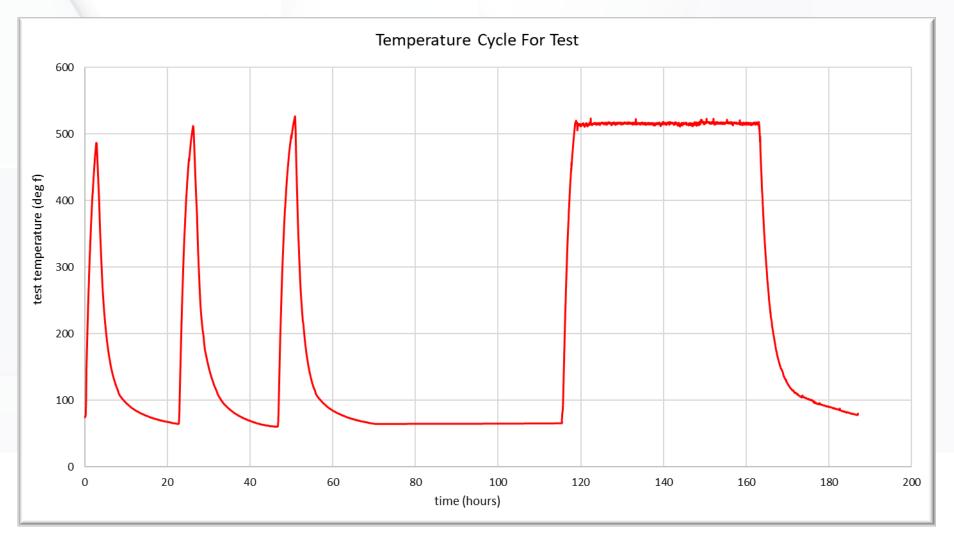


Temperature Cycling



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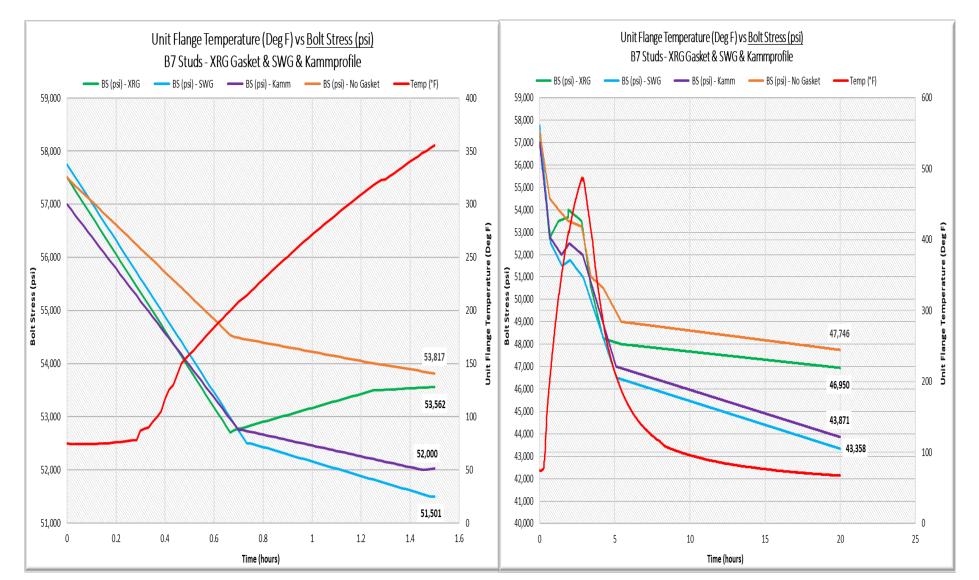
Each test follows the below temperature cycle with bolt stress readings taken through the test period.

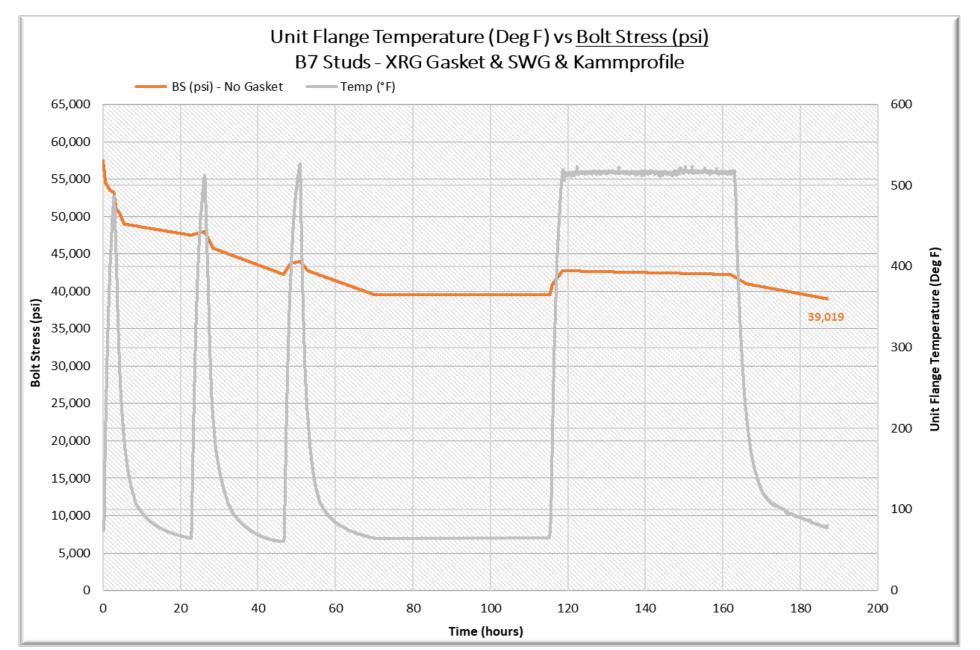


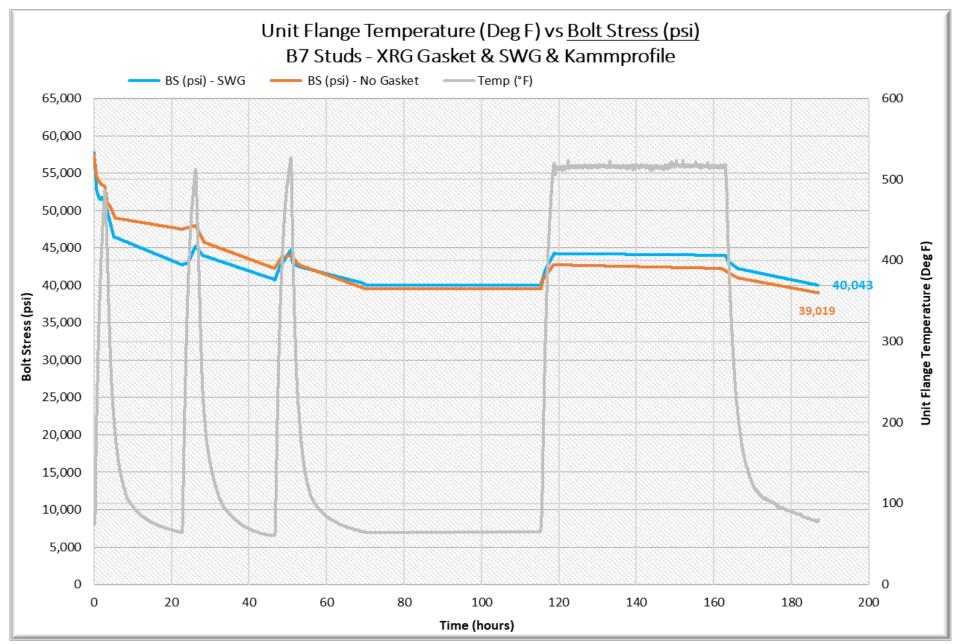
Initial Reduction In Bolt Stress

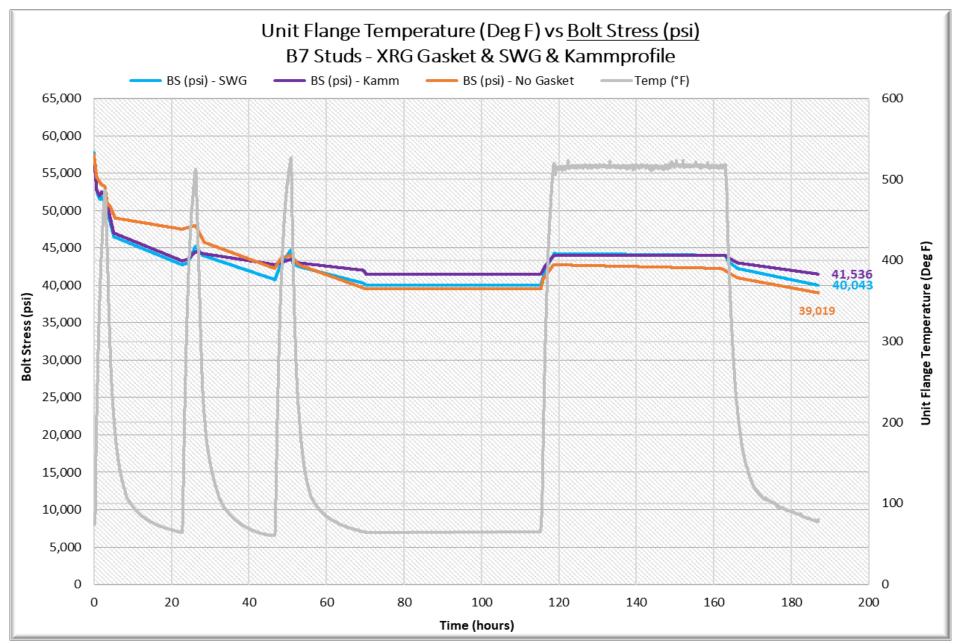
The below graph shows the initial relaxation of the three gaskets over a 1 ½ hour Period

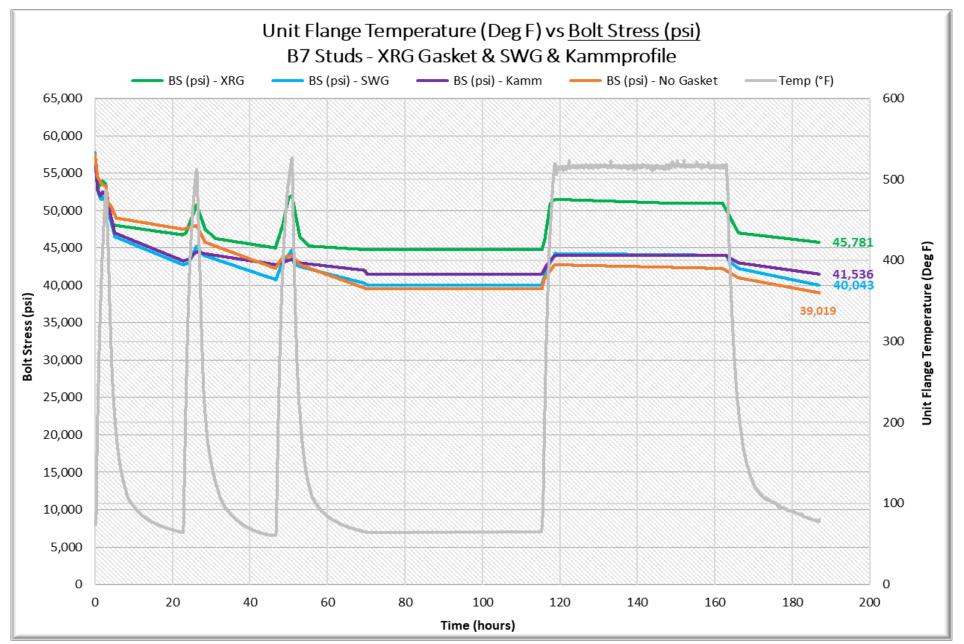
The below graph shows the initial relaxation of the three gaskets over the first temperature cycle





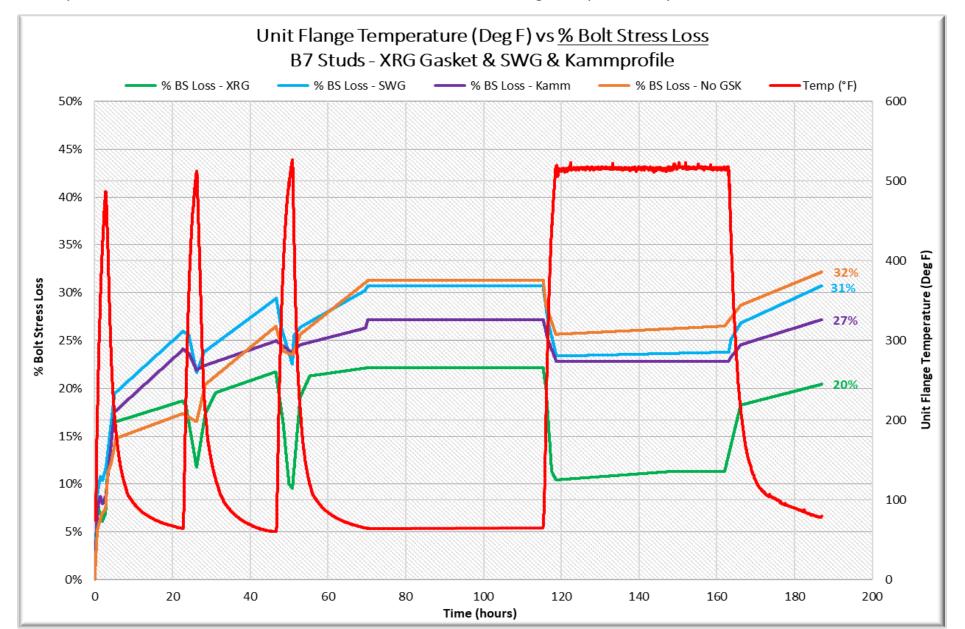






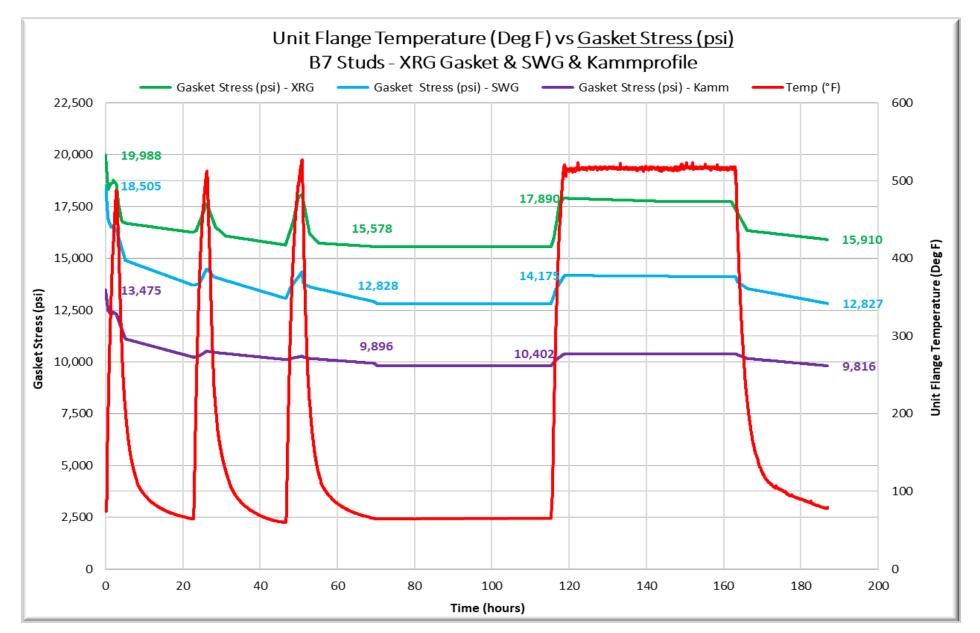
% Relaxation Values Over The Full Test Period

As expected the relaxation values increase and decrease as the flange temperature cycles.



Gasket Stress Values Over The Full Test Period

Gasket stress values are worked out from the bolt stress values as standard.







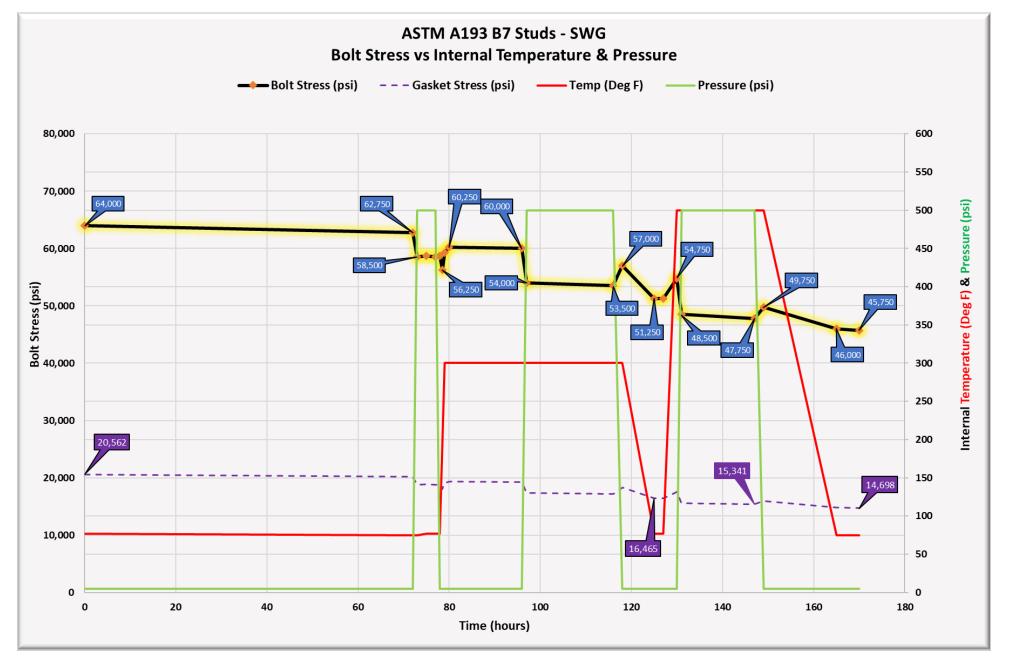
Further Work To Be Conducted

- Repeat testing but introduce internal pressure into the test fixture. How will the hydrostatic end forces change the bolt stress readings?
- Repeat testing with different bolt grades.
- Suggestions?

Conclusions

- Bolt stress readings increase as the temperature increases after the first temperature cycle.
- Minimal relaxation occurs after the first two temperature cycles.
- No relaxation was evident when left at ambient temperature for 2.5 days after the initial three temperature cycles.
- The gasket style does affect the amount of relaxation through temperature cycling.

Further Work To Be Conducted



Further Work To Be Conducted

