

Industrial Revolution 2.0 Renewable Energy - ESG

Tim Goedeker
Tricord Consulting

(Phillips 66, Retired-Aug 2022)

November 16, 2022





















Is it? - ESG, <u>Sustainability</u> or GHG?

2022

Air

CO

Water

Waste



Sustainability

"meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

E S G

AMERICAS

Environmental,

- Social Responsibility,
 - Governance

GHGs - Anthropogenic (man made)

Greenhouse Gases (GHG)

CO2: ~80% of GHGs

CO2e = CO2 "equivalents"

CH4: 25x = CO2e - ~10% of GHGs

N2O: **298x** = CO2e - ~7% of GHGs

PEOPLE

Social variables dealing with community, education, equity, social resources. health, well-being, and quality of life

BEARABLE SUSTAINABLE **PLANET Environmental** variables relating to VIABLE natural resources. water & air quality, energy conservation, and land use

Triple Bottom Line

- People
- Planet
- Profit





















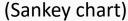


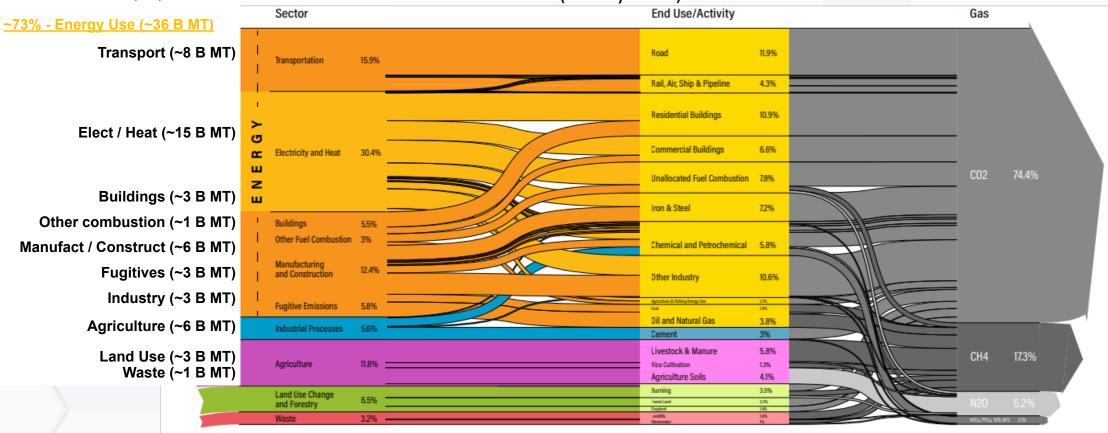




Sources of Anthropogenic (man made) GHGs

2022





1 Billion Metric Tons = 1 Giga tonne





















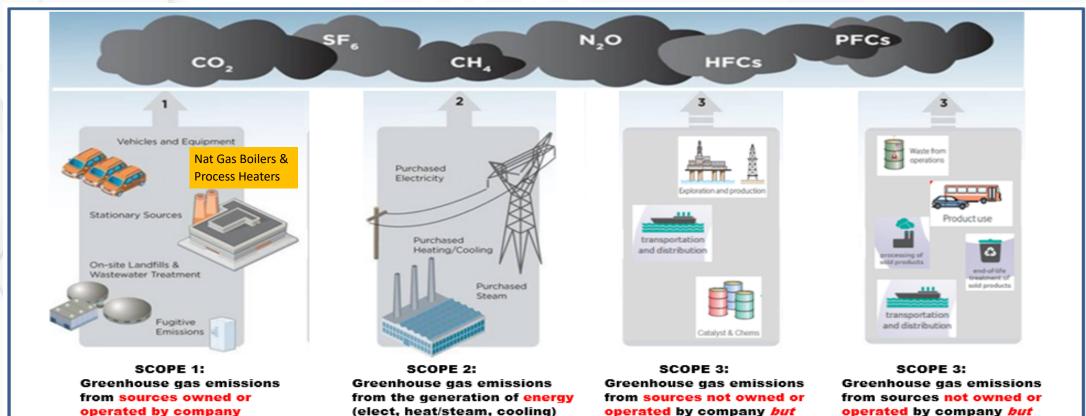








"Scopes" of GHGs













purchased by the company







used in company activities





related to company activities





Industrial-process

Electrification of heat

Manufacturing – ~15% of World GHGs

2022

Mitigate Manufacturing GHG emissions

Mfg Example **Source of GHGs**

Imported Energy

Other Process Equip



Renewables

Solar, wind (onshore and offshore), grid innovation



Carbon removal, capture, and storage

Point-source carbon capture, direct air capture



Hydrogen

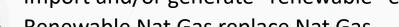
Electrolyzers, fuel cells, methane pyrolysis

Reduce carbon energy combustion

- Improve energy efficiency
 - Minimize process heat give-away
 - Electric replace steam driven pumps/comps

Fuel switch

- Import and/or generate "renewable" energy
- Renewable Nat Gas replace Nat Gas
- Green hydrogen co-mingle with or replace Nat Gas
- Others?



Circular economy

Capture emitted GHGs from carbon combustion

- For re-use (non-emitting)
- For sequestration

















urnaces / Boilers









innovation

sources, green

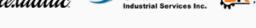
Battery recycling, chemical cellulosic

recovery, plastics

recycling, heat

recycling







Fugitives - ~5% of World GHGs

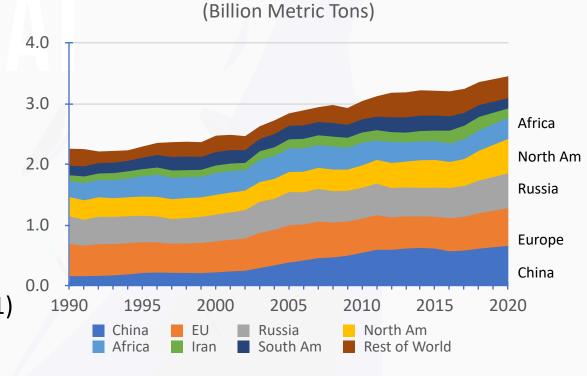
2022

<u>Sources – VOCs, Methane</u>

- Valves & Components
- Tanks
- Landfills

Ways to mitigate

- Improve GHG data quality
 - real time vs estimates
- Improve fugitives monitoring
 - near real time vs periodic manual (M21)
 - cameras, sensors, etc.
- Low leak valves & components
- Dome tanks, capture and recycle vapors
- Capture landfill "renewable nat gas (RNG)"



Greatest opportunity for fugitives reductions:

Europe

Russia

North America

Africa













China













Energy Consumed – ~30% of World GHGs

2022

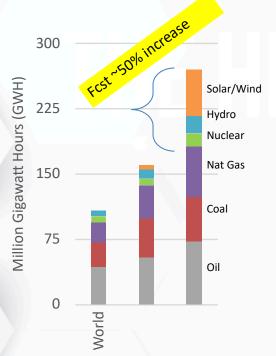


Renewables

Solar, wind (onshore and offshore), grid innovation



Batteries and energy storage Electric-vehicle batteries, longduration energy storage, pumped hydro



1 GW = 1 million kilowatts = Power for ~750,000 homes

~10X increase in wind/solar

(non-continuous, intermittent supply)

Back-up supply needed:

- **Battery**
- "Dispatchable" sources (ie. Nat Gas)
- "Stored" surplus renewables

Solar: 5,000-10,000 acres per GW

Wind: 50,000-80,000 acres per GW

Example - 50 Million GWh of solar

~250 million acres of solar farms

Texas is ~170 million acres



Hydrogen Electrolyzers, fuel cells, methane



pyrolysis

Carbon removal, capture, and storage Point-source carbon capture, direct air capture























Transportation – ~15% of World GHGs

2022



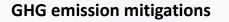
Sustainable fuels Advanced biofuels, e-fuels



storage

Batteries and energy storage Electric-vehicle batteries, longduration energy





Fuel carbon intensity (CI)

Battery, Plug-in hybrid EVs

Alternate Fuels – Biofuels, CNG, LNG, H2, fuel cells

Fuel energy intensity

Improved Internal Combustion Engine technology

Transport system infrastructure efficiency

Public transport, cycling, walking

Urban planning – reduce distance traveled

Modal shift – High speed rail

- Fcst 75% reduction in passenger transport GHGs
- Significant transition in passenger transport "mix" and "mode"























Agriculture & Land Use – ~20% of World GHGs

2022

Food: greenhouse gas emissions across the supp



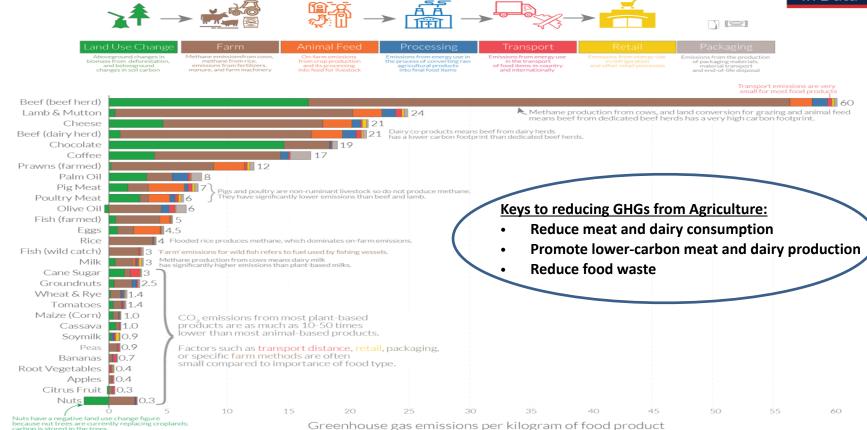


Agriculture and food Precision agriculture, crop preservation, regenerative tech, alternative proteins



Nature-based solutions
Monitoring and

Monitoring and verification for forests, peatlands, mangroves



















(kg CO₂-equivalents per kg product)









Technologies to Watch

Technologies to watch



Electrification

- Electric-vehicle batteries
- Battery-control software
- Efficient building systems
- Industrial electrification



Agriculture

- Zero-emissions farm equipment
- · Meat alternatives
- · Methane inhibitors
- · Anaerobic manure processing
- Bioengineering



Power grid

- Long-duration storage
- · Advanced controls
- Software and communications
- · Vehicle-to-grid integration
- · Building-to-grid integration
- Next-generation nuclear
- · High-efficiency materials



Hydrogen

- Low-cost production
- Road-transport fuel
- Ammonia production
- Steel production
- · Aviation fuel



Carbon capture

- Pre- and postcombustion capture technologies
- Direct air capture
- · Bioenergy with carbon capture and storage
- Biochar
- · CO₂-enriched concrete























Mitigation and Adaptation

Companies benefit – adjust to the present while focusing on the future



Long term climate trajectory requires action



Sustainability, economics, affordability, and energy security are interwoven as never before



A resilient sustainability strategy can create opportunities that enable companies (countries) to manage headwinds concurrently























Thank You

And

Enjoy The Conference

tim.goedeker@tricordconsulting.com



















