



Cost Reduction Opportunities for Industrial Applications through Innovative Heat Exchanger Designs using Enhanced Heat Transfer Surfaces

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The Power of Enhanced Surfaces

- Low temperature approaches and energy savings
- Capital savings and/or improved performance
- Significant size reduction – smaller foot-print similar to compact Heat Exchangers
- Reduction in CO2 emissions – an indirect benefit
- De-bottlenecking from process-constraints or capacity improvements in operating plants
- Available for both single-phase and two-phase applications
- Retains Shell-&-Tube configuration
- Modifies Heat Transfer mechanism and therefore different from extended surfaces

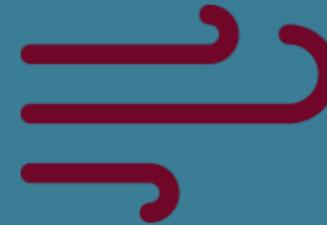


Typical Enhanced Surfaces – Single Phase

Based on the following principal mechanisms:



Decreasing the Thermal Boundary Layer



Increasing Flow Interruptions and Mixing



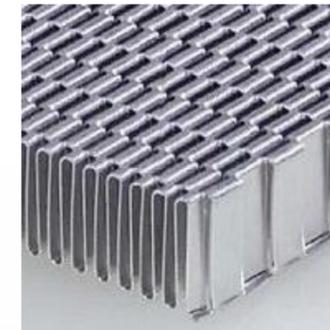
Twisted tape inserts



Spirally fluted



Ribbed tubes



Off-set strip fins



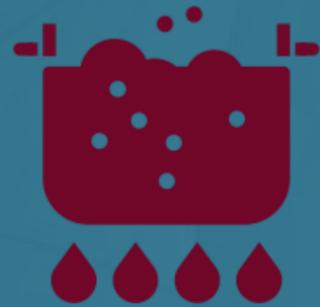
Louvered fins



Active mechanisms such as vibration, electric fields etc.,

Typical Enhanced Surfaces – Two Phase

Based on the following principal mechanisms:



Boiling

- Providing re-entrant cavities that trap vapor and promote nucleate boiling
- Lower the temperature difference for incipience of boiling by controlling the shape and size of cavities



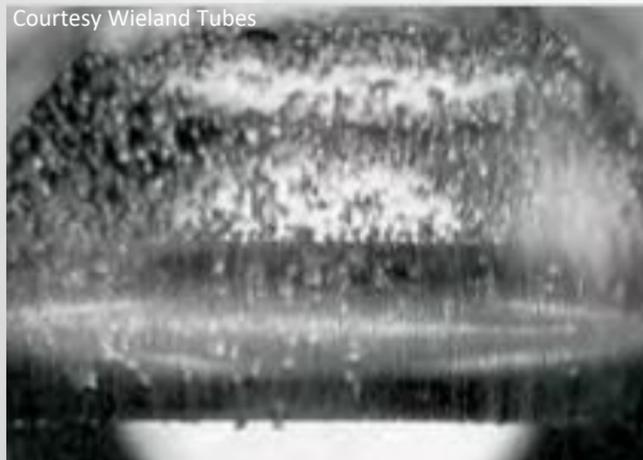
Condensation

- Use surface profiles to assist condensate draining through surface tension
- Use of Hydro-phobic surfaces that promote droplet formation

Evaporation and Boiling

- Treated surfaces such as porous boiling surfaces
- Structured boiling surfaces
- Active mechanisms

Courtesy Wieland Tubes



Courtesy Wieland Tubes

Condensation

- Fluted Surfaces - Surface tension
- Coatings – hydro-phobic surfaces
- Condensate layer Interruptions
- Active mechanisms

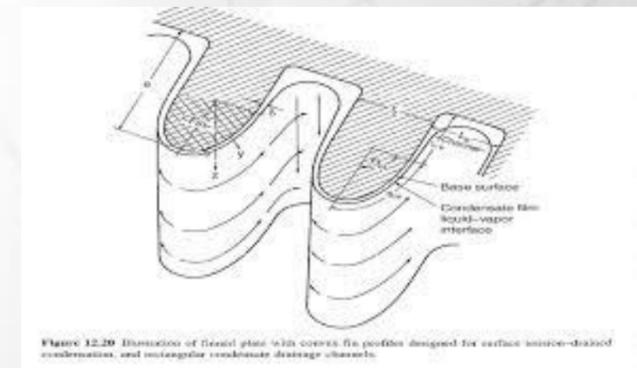
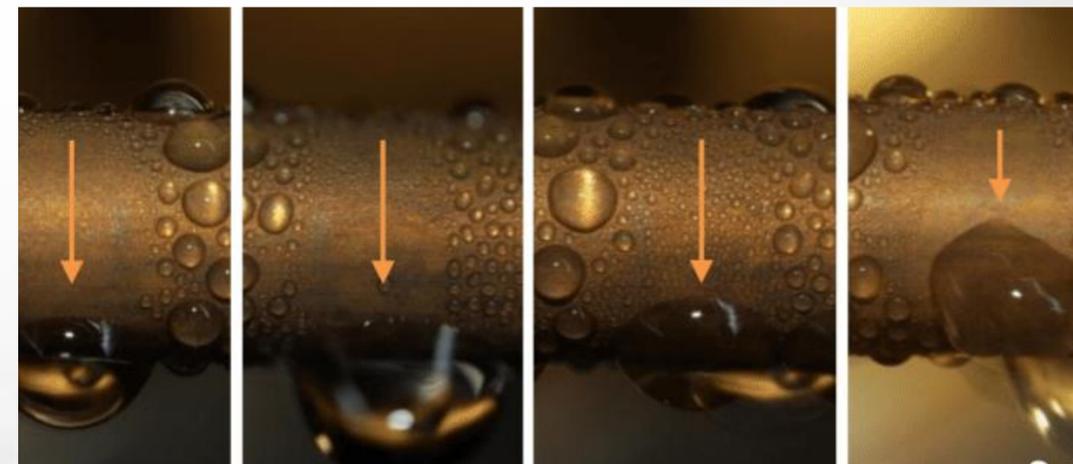


Figure 12.20 Illustration of fluted pipe with convex fin profiles designed for surface source-driven condensation, and rectangular condensate drainage channels.

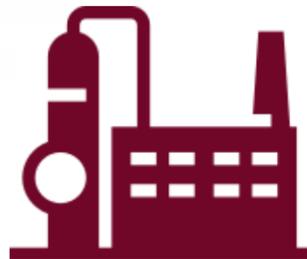


Common Applications of Enhanced Surfaces



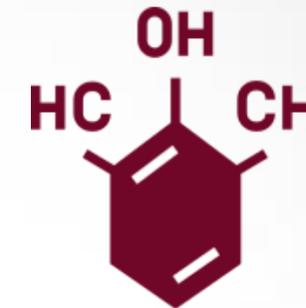
HVAC & Refrigeration using doubly enhanced tubes

- Evaporators
- Condensers



Air Separation Plants

- Evaporators
- Condensers



Hydrocarbon Processing

- Evaporators
- Condensers



Power Plants

- Condensers



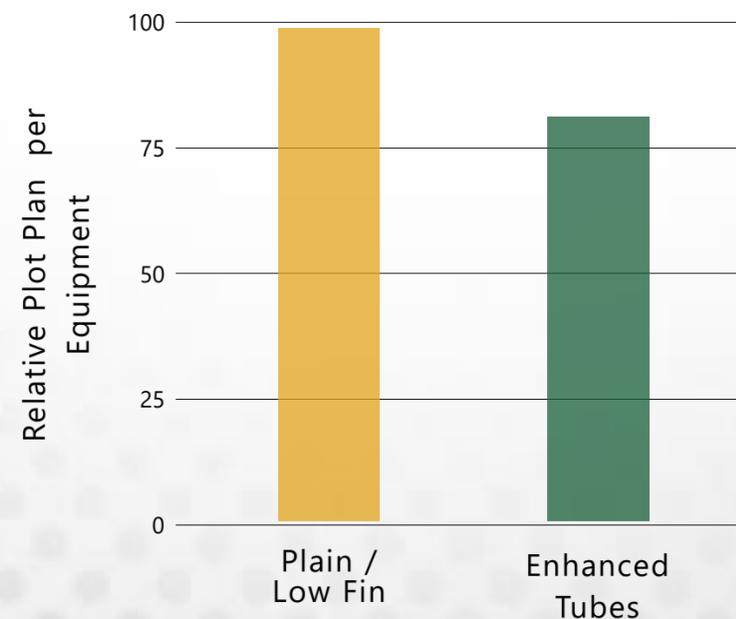
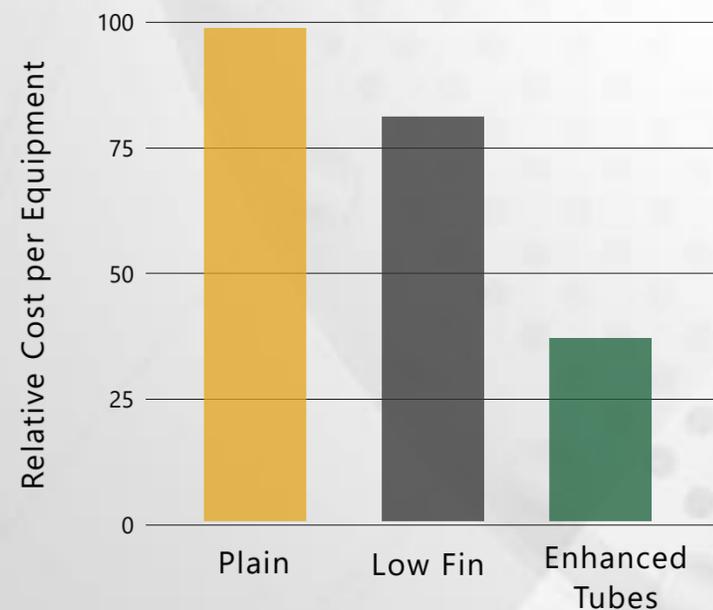
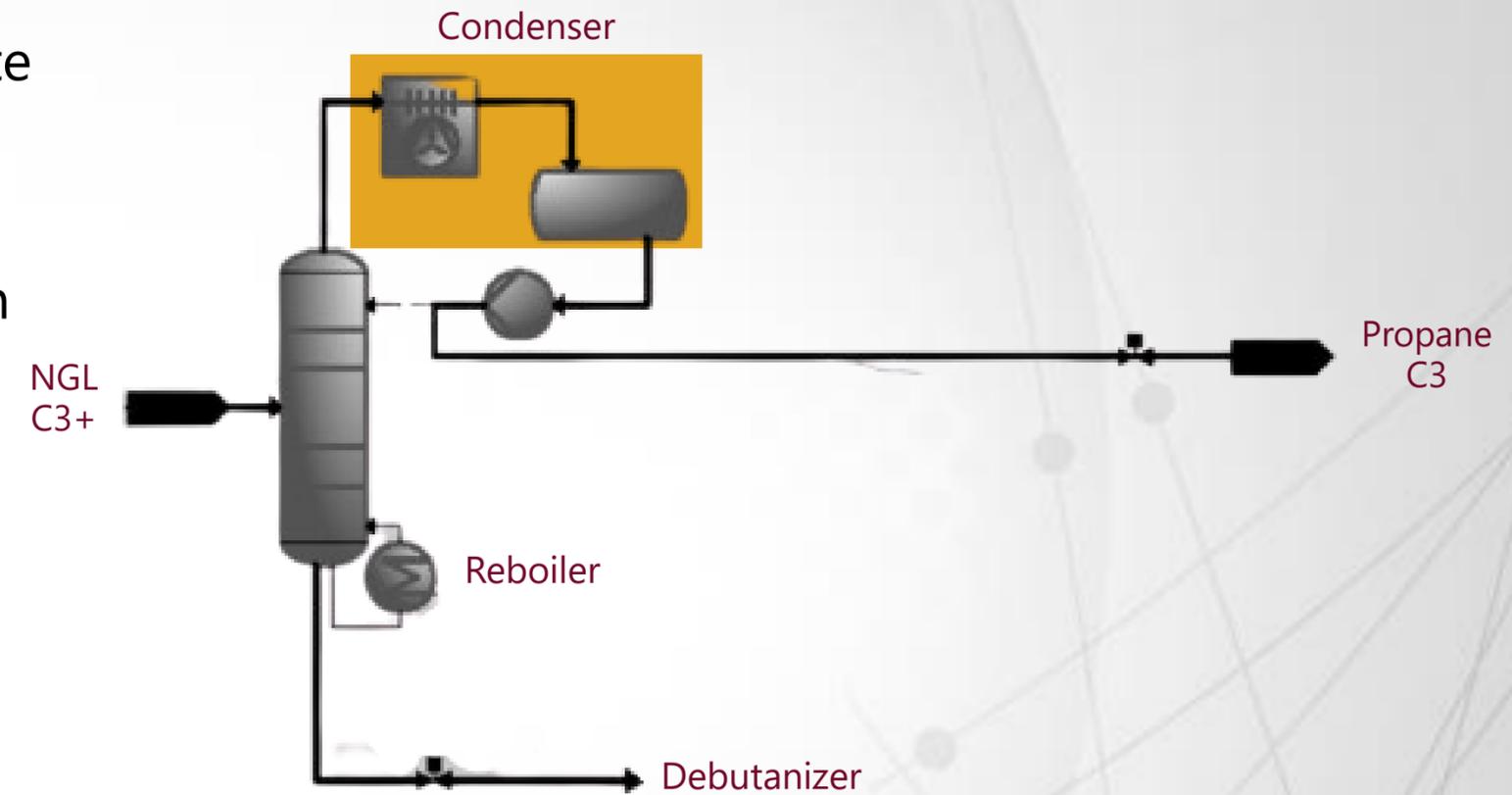
Machinery Equipment



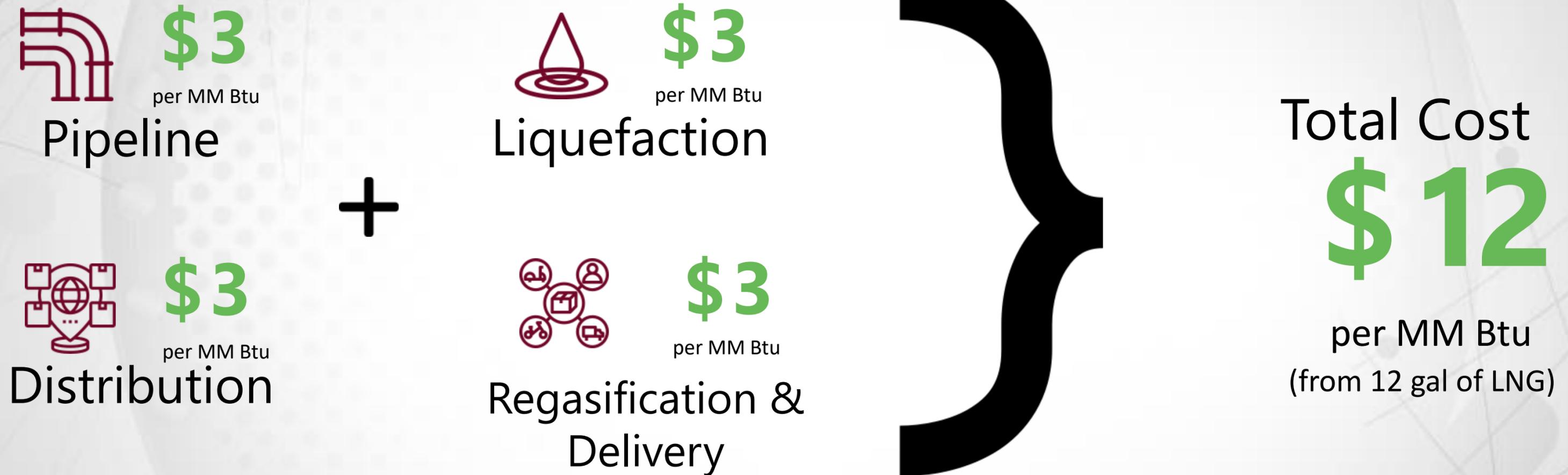
Are enhanced surfaces suitable for applications involving fouling ?

Case Study – Depropanizer Condensers

- A depropanizer is a distillation column that is used to separate propane from a mixture containing heavier hydrocarbon components such as butane and other heavier components.
- The separated propane – overhead vapor from the distillation column – is condensed in the overhead condensers
- This case study concerns the optimization of the condenser heat exchanger using enhanced heat transfer tubes



Case Study – Propane Pre-coolers in LNG Processes

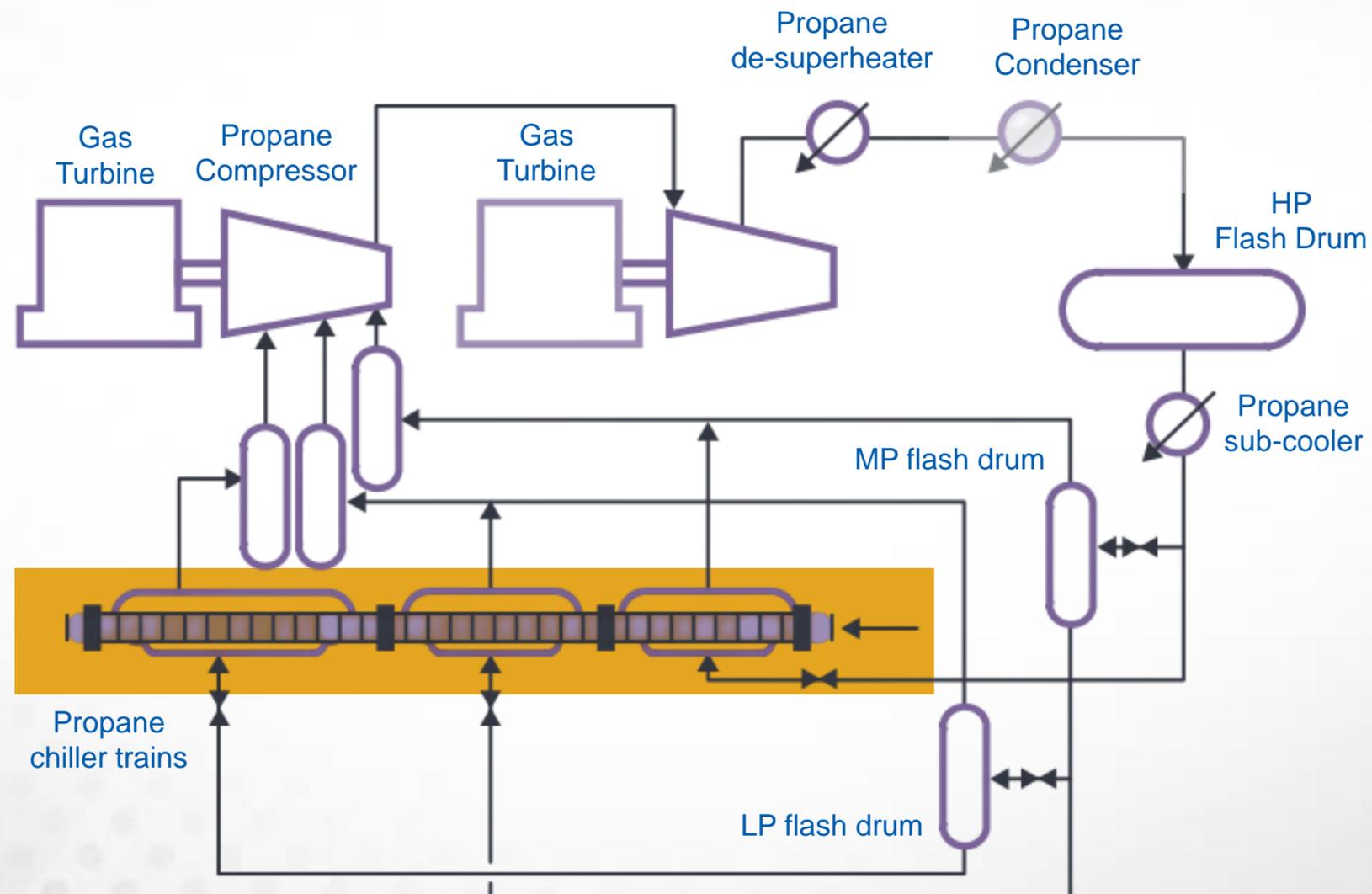


\$1 LNG final cost
per gal (delivered as gas)

Liquefaction Cost is directly related to refrigeration power and Heat Exchangers used have a direct influence on the refrigeration power

Case Study – Propane Pre-Coolers in LNG Processes

- LNG process and the Propane fore-cooler cycle
- Reducing approach temperatures in the chilling train heat exchangers reduces overall refrigeration power



Propane Refrigerant Cycle

Case Study - Cost savings

SI No	Description	Existing Configuration - Plain tubes	Proposed Configuration - Enhanced Tubes
1	Size of the Exchanger 	1423mm ID x 6096mm Tube Length	1525mm ID x 6000mm Tube Length
2	Qty of Tubes 	2834 Nos (Plain Tubes)	3106 Nos (Enhanced Tubes)
3	Heat Duty 	18,805,612 Watts	18,872,000 Watts
4	Required Exchangers 	2 Nos in Parallel	1 No
5	Pump capacity 	More	Less
6	Space requirements 	More	Less
7	CAPEX 	100% of cost	60% of cost
8	OPEX 	100% of cost	50% of cost
9	Installation cost 	More	Less
10	Heat transfer / boiling coefficient 	Normal	Enhanced / High Boiling
11	Lead time & handling 	More	Less
12	Revamping Capacity & Energy efficiency 	Normal	Improved
13	Temperature constraints 	Yes	Eliminated
14	Overall Thermal Performance 	X	2X to 5X

How Precision Equipments can help you Implement cost savings through enhanced heat transfer tubes

- Your requests/opportunities would be divided into one of the following 3 categories :
 - **Category A: Immediate Implementation**
 - Short term for immediate implementation.
 - Similar applications are working in the field.
 - No development work. Known design methods would suffice for this approach.
 - The steps are: Design, Economic Analysis and commercialization. We should see results within 6 months to a year.
 - **Category B: Medium term Implementation**
 - Medium term for implementation in 2 to 3 years.
 - Would Require field tests
 - Would not require any laboratory scale work.
 - **Category C: Long term for Implementation**
 - In 5 years these opportunities would require some fundamental studies such as determining the boiling or condensation heat transfer coefficient. This will be followed by prototype tests and beta tests before full commercialisation
- PECPL is willing to work with interested customers to provide the best solutions that would meet the comprehensive needs of customers world-wide.

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